

NYSE: **REXR**

Rexford Industrial Realty

Fixed Income Supplemental 3Q 2024



www.rexfordindustrial.com



500 DUPONT AVENUE, ONTARIO

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We caution investors that any forward-looking statements presented herein are based on management’s beliefs and assumptions and information currently available to management. Such statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties and factors that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation: general risks affecting the real estate industry (including, without limitation, the market value of our properties, the inability to enter into or renew leases at favorable rates, portfolio occupancy varying from our expectations, dependence on tenants’ financial condition, and competition from other developers, owners and operators of real estate); risks associated with the disruption of credit markets or a global economic slowdown; risks associated with the potential loss of key personnel (most importantly, members of senior management); risks associated with our failure to maintain our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; possible adverse changes in tax and environmental laws; and potential liability for uninsured losses and environmental contamination. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “predicts,” or “potential” or the negative of these words and phrases or similar words or phrases which are predictions of or indicate future events or trends and which do not relate solely to historical matters. The risks described above are not exhaustive and additional factors could adversely affect our business and financial performance, including those discussed in our annual report on Form 10-K, for the year ended December 31, 2023, and subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to update forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the industry in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk due to a variety of factors, including those described above. These and other factors could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in our estimates and beliefs and in the estimates prepared by independent parties. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This Presentation includes certain financial measures not presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“GAAP”), which are used by management as a supplemental measure, have certain limitations, and should not be construed as alternatives to financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The non-GAAP measures as defined by us may not be comparable to similar non-GAAP financial measures presented by other companies. Our presentation of such measures, which may include adjustments to exclude unusual or non-recurring items, should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by other unusual or non-recurring items. A reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measures is provided in the Appendix to this presentation. Further, we do not provide a reconciliation for non-GAAP estimates on a forward-looking basis, where we are unable to provide a meaningful or accurate calculation or estimation of reconciling items and the information is not available without unreasonable effort. This is due to the inherent difficulty of forecasting the timing and/or amount of various items that would impact net income, which is the most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP financial measure. This includes, for example, acquisition costs and other non-core items that have not yet occurred, are out of our control and/or cannot be reasonably predicted. For the same reasons, we are unable to address the probable significance of the unavailable information. Forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures provided without the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures may vary materially from the corresponding GAAP financial measures.



Rexford Industrial Overview

Superior Cash Flow Growth Driven By Value Creation



REXR
NYSE

2001
Founded

\$15B
Entity Value¹

S&P 400
Member

BBB+ S&P² BBB+ Fitch² Baa2 Moody's²

100% Infill
Southern
California

424
Properties³

720
Buildings³

50M
Square Feet³

+1,600
Customers³

350%
Total Shareholder Return
(Since IPO)⁴

15%
Dividend Growth
(Average Annual Since IPO)⁵

14%
Earnings Growth
(Average Annual Since IPO)⁶

1. Calculated as the market value of fully diluted common shares (including common shares outstanding, Operating Partnership units, unvested shares of restricted stock, and vested and unvested LTIP units and performance units) as of 9/30/2024, plus liquidation value of preferred equity and total debt at balance sheet carrying value as of 9/30/2024
 2. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the Company's securities. Credit ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security. The Company does not undertake any obligation to maintain the ratings or to advise of any change in ratings
 3. As of 10/15/2024
 4. Based on share price as of 7/19/2013 through 10/15/2024
 5. Based on dividends from 2013 to 2024, including quarterly dividend for 3Q13 through dividend declares on 10/14/2024
 6. Based on quarterly FFO per share results from 3Q13 to 3Q24

Third Quarter 2024 Highlights¹

Operating Results¹

3Q 2024 Growth vs. 3Q 2023	
Same Property GAAP NOI	+2.6%
Same Property Cash NOI	+5.3%
Consolidated Portfolio NOI	+17.6%
Core FFO	+13.1%
Core FFO/sh	+5.4%

Leasing Activity

1.6M Square feet Total leasing volume	3.9% Average embedded rent steps ²
Achieved leasing spreads	
39% GAAP basis	27% Cash basis

Investment Activity³

3 Acquisitions	\$131M Purchase price	550K Square feet
5.8% Initial unlevered yield	5.9% Proj. unlevered stabilized yield ¹	
1 Disposition	\$7M Sales price	12.6% Unlevered IRR

Repositioning and Redevelopment

In-Process / Near-Term pipeline	
5.2M Square feet	\$2.0B Total investment
\$450M Remaining incremental spend	
6.0% Proj. unlevered stabilized yield ¹	

Balance Sheet & Capital Markets Activity

Maintained low-leverage balance sheet	
22.2% Net debt-to-enterprise value	4.7x Net debt-to-adjusted EBITDA ¹
100% Fixed Rate Debt ⁴	
Common Shares Settled ⁵	
4.5M Shares	\$220M Total net proceeds
\$614M Net forward proceeds remaining for settlement ⁵	
Declared quarterly dividend on October 14, 2024	
\$0.4175 Per share	10% Annualized increase over prior year

Note: All results represent third quarter 2024 activity and metrics as of 9/30/2024 unless otherwise noted

1. NOI, FFO, Projected Unlevered Stabilized Yield and Adjusted EBITDA are Non-GAAP financial measures. Please refer to the Non-GAAP reconciliations and definitions in the appendix of this presentation for descriptions and reconciliations of NOI, FFO and Adjusted EBITDA

2. Excluding the Dupont repositioning project lease-up of 275,000 square feet, average embedded rent steps averaged 4.0% in 3Q 2024

3. Includes one acquisition completed subsequent to quarter end

4. Includes the effect of interest rate swaps on \$760 million of indebtedness. Through interest rate swap transactions, we effectively fixed Daily SOFR related to our \$400M term loan facility through June 30, 2025, our \$300M term loan facility through May 26, 2027 and our \$60M term loan facility through July 30, 2026

5. Includes a partial settlement of the March offering's outstanding forward equity sale agreement subsequent to quarter end, issuing of 2,884,380 shares of common stock for net proceeds of \$140.0 million in October

**Third
Quarter
2024**

Debt Covenants¹

(\$ in thousands)

	Covenant	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
Maximum Leverage Ratio	<60%	25%–29%	25%–29%	24%–27%	20%–22%	20%–22%
Maximum Secured Leverage Ratio	<40/45%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Minimum Tangible Net Worth	\$6,698,385	\$9,334,951	\$9,227,521	\$9,185,688	\$9,023,064	\$8,579,063
Minimum Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	at least 1.50 to 1.00	4.87 to 1.00	5.39 to 1.00	4.02 to 1.00	6.28 to 1.00	6.10 to 1.00
Unencumbered Leverage Ratio	<60%	27%-30%	27%–31%	28%–31%	20%–23%	21%–23%
Unencumbered Interest Coverage Ratio	at least 1.75 to 1.00	5.50 to 1.00	5.44 to 1.00	5.30 to 1.00	7.87 to 1.00	7.70 to 1.00

Credit Ratings²

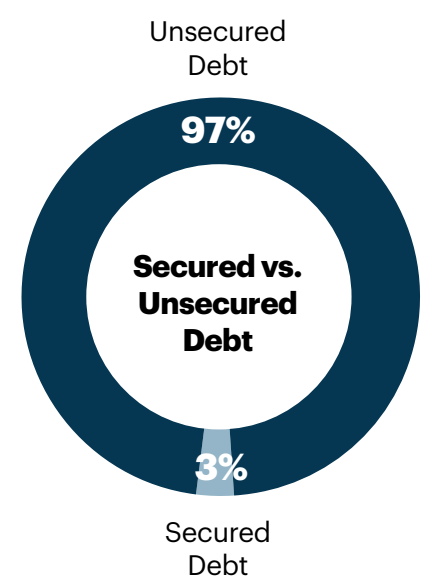
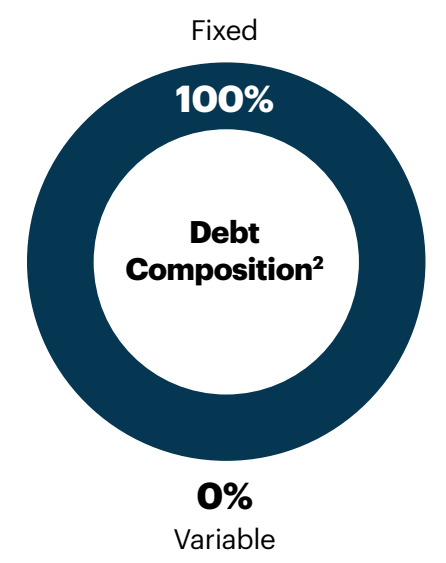
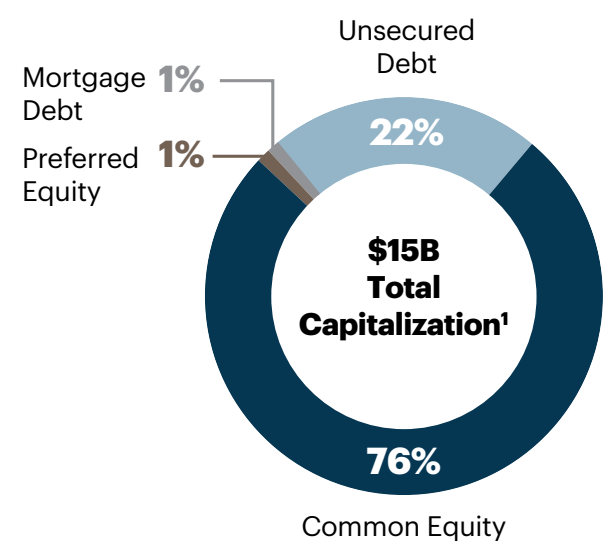
Agency	Credit Rating	Outlook	Last Review Date
Moody's	Baa2	Stable	July 18, 2024
S&P	BBB+	Stable	July 3, 2024
Fitch	BBB+	Stable	January 22, 2024

1. The table summarizes the existing covenants of our outstanding debt and their covenant levels when considering the most restrictive terms. The covenant and actual performance metrics represent terms and definitions reflected in the agreements governing our outstanding debt based on the financial results as of September 30, 2024. As of September 30, 2024, the operating partnership was in compliance with the terms of such agreements

2. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or trading of the Company's securities and are provided solely for informational purposes. Credit ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. The Company does not undertake any obligation to maintain the ratings or to advise of any change in ratings. Each agency's rating should be evaluated independently of any other agency's rating. An explanation of the significance of the ratings may be obtained from each of the rating agencies

**Third
Quarter
2024**

Balance Sheet and Liquidity



Total Liquidity (in Millions as of 10/15/2024)

Revolving Credit Facility	\$995
Forward Equity Proceeds for Settlement	\$614
Cash on Hand	\$62
Total Liquidity	\$1,671

Note: Unless stated otherwise, all information as of 9/30/2024

1. Common equity based on share price as of 9/30/2024. Common shares outstanding, OP units, preferred equity and debt as of 9/30/2024. Preferred equity reflects 100% of par value of preferred shares

2. Includes the effect of interest rate swaps on \$760 million of indebtedness. Through interest rate swap transactions, we effectively fixed Daily SOFR related to our \$400M term loan facility through June 30, 2025, our \$300M term loan facility through May 26, 2027 and our \$60M term loan facility through July 30, 2026

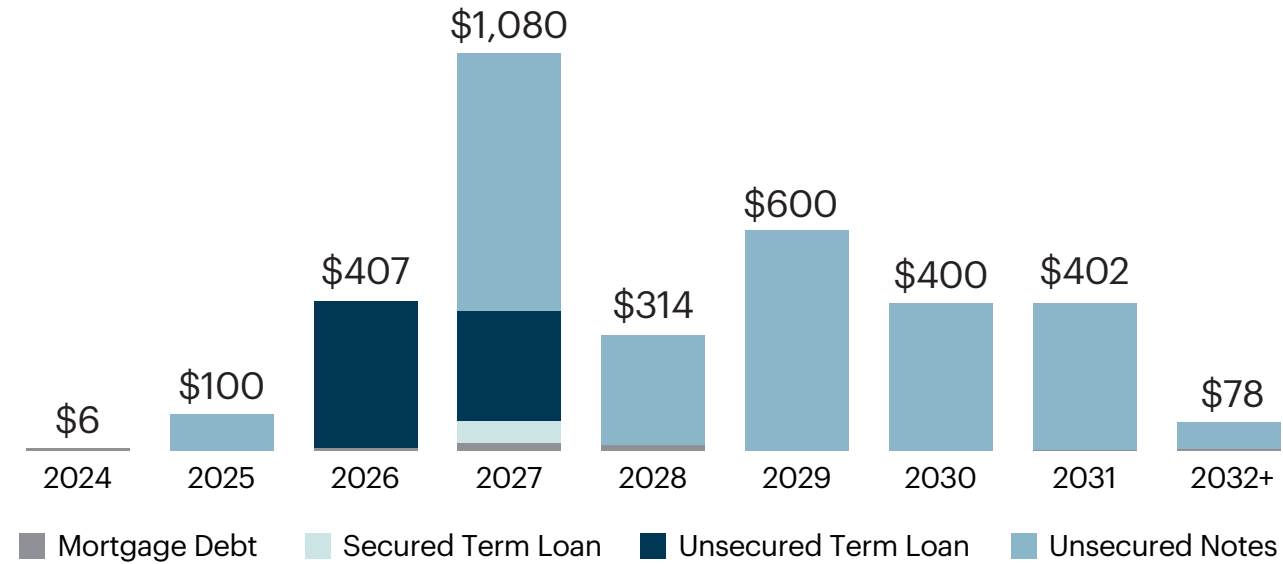
**Third
Quarter
2024**

Debt Maturity Schedule

Well-Staggered Debt Maturities (\$M)

As of 9/30/2024

3.8% weighted average interest rate¹
4.0 years weighted average maturity²



1. Includes the effect of interest rate swaps on \$760 million of indebtedness that were in effect on 9/30/2024

2. The 4.0 years weighted average maturity and table below assumes exercise of the two one-year extensions for the \$60M term loan facility and one-year extension option for the \$400M term loan facility, per the company's options. Excluding the exercise of these options, the weighted average maturity is 3.8 years

Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Net Operating Income (\$ in '000s)		
	Qtr ended 9/30/24	Qtr ended 9/30/23
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 70,722	\$ 61,790
Add:		
General and administrative	20,926	18,575
Depreciation & amortization	69,241	60,449
Other expenses	492	551
Interest expense	27,340	15,949
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-
Subtract:		
Management, leasing, and development services	156	158
Interest income	3,291	1,029
Gain/(Loss) on sale of real estate	1,745	-
Net Operating Income (NOI)	\$ 183,529	\$ 156,127
Fair value lease revenue	(6,635)	(7,241)
Straight line rent adjustment	(11,441)	(11,792)
Cash NOI	\$165,453	\$ 137,094
Pro forma effect of acquisitions	426	1,561
Pro forma effect of dispositions	21	-
Pro forma effect of uncommenced leases	870	1,951
Pro forma effect of properties/space under repositioning	26,178	21,135
Pro Forma Cash NOI	\$ 192,948	\$ 161,741

Third Quarter 2024

Funds from Operations		
	Qtr ended 9/30/24	Qtr ended 9/30/23
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 70,722	\$ 61,790
Add:		
D&A, including amounts in discontinued operations	69,241	60,449
Subtract:		
Gain on sale of real estate	1,745	-
Funds from Operations	\$ 138,218	\$ 122,239
Less: preferred stock dividends	(2,314)	(2,314)
Less: FFO, noncontrolling interests	(5,389)	(4,909)
Less: FFO, participating securities	(565)	(461)
Company Share of FFO	\$ 129,949	\$ 114,555
Funds from Operations	\$ 138,218	\$ 122,239
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-
Interest rate swap amortization	59	59
Acquisition expenses	6	10
Non-capitalizable demolition costs	-	361
Impairment of right-of-use asset	-	-
Less: preferred stock dividends	\$ (2,314)	\$ (2,314)
Less: FFO, noncontrolling interests	(5,391)	(4,924)
Less: FFO, participating securities	(567)	(462)
Less: Write-offs of below-market lease intangibles related to unexercised renewal options	-	-
Company Share of Core FFO	\$ 130,011	\$ 114,969
Weighted-average shares outstanding - diluted	219,133	205,448
FFO per share - diluted	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.56
Core FFO per share - diluted	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.56
Annualized Impact		
Net Operating Income	\$ 661,812	\$ 624,508
Net effect of pro forma adjustments	\$ 109,980	\$ 98,588
Recurring FFO per share - basic and diluted	\$ 2.36	\$ 2.24

EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA (\$ in '000s)		
	Qtr ended 9/30/24	Qtr ended 9/30/23
Net income	\$ 70,722	\$ 61,790
Interest expense	27,340	15,949
Depreciation and amortization	69,241	60,449
Gains on sale of real estate	(1,745)	-
EBITDAre	\$ 165,558	\$ 138,188
Stock-based compensation amortization	9,918	8,166
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-
Acquisition expenses	6	10
Impairment of right-of-use asset	-	-
Pro forma effect of acquisitions	426	1,561
Pro forma effect of dispositions	21	-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 175,929	\$ 147,925

Definitions

Cash NOI: Cash basis NOI is a non-GAAP measure, which we calculate by adding or subtracting from NOI (i) fair value lease revenue and (ii) straight-line rent adjustment. We use Cash NOI, together with NOI, as a supplemental performance measure. Cash NOI should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs. Cash NOI should not be used as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities computed in accordance with GAAP. We use Cash NOI to help evaluate the performance of the Company as a whole, as well as the performance of our Same Property Portfolio.

Core Funds from Operations (“Core FFO”): We calculate Core FFO by adjusting FFO for non-comparable items outlined in the reconciliation on page 8. We believe that Core FFO is a useful supplemental measure and that by adjusting for items that are not considered by us to be part of our on-going operating performance, provides a more meaningful and consistent comparison of the Company’s operating and financial performance period-over-period. Because these adjustments have a real economic impact on our financial condition and results from operations, the utility of Core FFO as a measure of our performance is limited. Other REITs may not calculate Core FFO in a consistent manner. Accordingly, our Core FFO may not be comparable to other REITs’ core FFO. Core FFO should be considered only as a supplement to net income computed in accordance with GAAP as a measure of our performance. “Company Share of Core FFO” reflects Core FFO attributable to common stockholders, which excludes amounts allocable to noncontrolling interests, participating securities and preferred stockholders (which consists of preferred stock dividends, but excludes non-recurring preferred stock redemption charges related to the write-off of original issuance costs which we do not consider reflective of our core revenue or expense streams).

EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA: We calculate EBITDAre in accordance with the standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“NAREIT”). EBITDAre is calculated as net income (loss) (computed in accordance with GAAP), before interest expense, tax expense, depreciation and amortization, gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property, impairment losses of depreciable property and adjustments to reflect our proportionate share of EBITDAre from our unconsolidated joint venture. We calculate Adjusted EBITDA by adding or subtracting from EBITDAre the following items: (i) non-cash stock based compensation expense, (ii) gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt, (iii) acquisition expenses, (iv) impairments of right of use assets and (v) the pro-forma effects of acquisitions and dispositions. We believe that EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA are helpful to investors as a supplemental measure of our operating performance as a real estate company because it is a direct measure of the actual operating results of our industrial properties. We also use these measures in ratios to compare our performance to that of our industry peers. In addition, we believe EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of Equity REITs. However, because EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA are calculated before recurring cash charges including interest expense and income taxes, and are not adjusted for capital expenditures or other recurring cash requirements of our business, their utility as a measure of our liquidity is limited. Accordingly, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered alternatives to cash flow from operating activities (as computed in accordance with GAAP) as a measure of our liquidity. EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as alternatives to net income or loss as an indicator of our operating performance. Other Equity REITs may calculate EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA differently than we do; accordingly, our EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to such other Equity REITs’ EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA. EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA should be considered only as supplements to net income (as computed in accordance with GAAP) as a measure of our performance.

NAREIT Defined Funds from Operations (“FFO”): We calculate FFO in accordance with the standards established by NAREIT. FFO represents net income (loss) (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) on sale of real estate assets, gains (or losses) on sale of assets incidental to our business, impairment losses of depreciable operating property or assets incidental to our business, real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs) and after adjustments for unconsolidated joint ventures. Management uses FFO as a supplemental performance measure because, in excluding real estate related depreciation and amortization, gains and losses from property dispositions or assets incidental to our business, other than temporary impairments of unconsolidated real estate entities, and impairment on our investment in real estate and other assets incidental to our business, it provides a performance measure that, when

compared year over year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that, as a widely recognized measure of performance used by other REITs, FFO may be used by investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs. However, because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties, all of which have real economic effects and could materially impact our results from operations, the utility of FFO as a measure of our performance is limited. Other equity REITs may not calculate or interpret FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition as we do, and, accordingly, our FFO may not be comparable to such other REITs’ FFO. FFO should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, and is not indicative of funds available for our cash needs, including our ability to pay dividends. FFO should be considered only as a supplement to net income computed in accordance with GAAP as a measure of our performance. “Company Share of FFO” reflects FFO attributable to common stockholders, which excludes amounts allocable to noncontrolling interests, participating securities and preferred stockholders (which consists of preferred stock dividends and any preferred stock redemption charges related to the write-off of original issuance costs).

Net Operating Income (“NOI”): NOI is a non-GAAP measure which includes the revenue and expense directly attributable to our real estate properties. NOI is calculated as total revenue from real estate operations including i) rental income, ii) tenant reimbursements, and iii) other income less property expenses. We use NOI as a supplemental performance measure because, in excluding real estate depreciation and amortization expense, general and administrative expenses, interest expense, gains (or losses) on sale of real estate and other non-operating items, it provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that NOI will be useful to investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs. However, because NOI excludes depreciation and amortization expense and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions, nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties (all of which have real economic effect and could materially impact our results from operations), the utility of NOI as a measure of our performance is limited. Other equity REITs may not calculate NOI in a similar manner and, accordingly, our NOI may not be comparable to such other REITs’ NOI. Accordingly, NOI should be considered only as a supplement to net income as a measure of our performance. NOI should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs. NOI should not be used as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities in accordance with GAAP. We use NOI to help evaluate the performance of the Company as a whole, as well as the performance of our Same Property Portfolio.

Projected Unlevered Stabilized Yield: Calculated by dividing projected annual stabilized Cash NOI by projected total investment in the case of acquisitions or project costs in the case of repositionings and redevelopments. Furthermore, the Projected Unlevered Stabilized Yield is not calculated in accordance with GAAP and includes estimates of future rents and operating expenses based on our expectations for these properties going forward. Projected annual stabilized Cash NOI represents management’s estimate of each project’s annual Cash NOI once the property has reached stabilization and initial rental concessions, if any, have elapsed. No assurance can be given that we will complete any of these projects on the terms currently contemplated, or at all, that the actual cost of any of these projects will not exceed our estimates or that the anticipated stabilized yield(s) of these projects will be achieved; actual results may vary materially from our estimates.

Value Creation: Value Creation is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated as incremental value using stabilized yield and market cap rate at time of stabilization, as well as Projected Unlevered Stabilized Yield and current market cap rate for in-process and near-term pipeline, less total investment cost. No assurance can be given that we will complete any of these projects on the terms currently contemplated, or at all, that the actual cost of any of these projects will not exceed our estimates or that the anticipated stabilized yield(s) of these projects will be achieved; actual results may vary materially from our estimates.



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